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## 2020

## LAW AND SOCIETY IN INDIA

## Paper - V

Full Marks: 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## Answer any four questions.

- 1. Examine in detail the relationship between Law and Social change in contemporary Indian society.
- 2. Right to Property was recognised and protected in ancient India. It is also protected in modern India. Critically examine the positive and negative aspects of Right to Property with reference to the Constitution of India.
- 3. Indian Society considers family as one of the fundamental structures of society. Examine the important functions and role of family in a modern urban society.
- **4.** Critically discuss how equality is protected in Indian Employment Laws. Examine the relevant Constitutional, Statutory provisions and also the important case laws in this regard.
- 5. "Today more importance is given to the rehabilitation and compensation to the women victims of crime while administering criminal justice in India."
  Examine the above statement in the light of important judicial decisions in this regard. Give your own suggestions with regard to the above issues.
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- 6. "Four major factors may be regarded as being mainly responsible for a transformation in the function and substance of contract."— Discuss these factors elaborately. Do you think that public law now vitally affects and modifies the law of contract?— Justify.
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- 7. Critically explain the concept of Judicial Widening of tortious liability in India.
- **8.** Explain the concept and development of Public Interest Litigation as administrative remedy in democratic countries like India.